How many descendents of Jacob were there in all?
 a. Fifty
 b. Sixty
 d. Eighty

 Which are of Jacob was in Fount before the root of his family arrived.

2. Which son of Jacob was in Egypt before the rest of his family arrived?

a. **Joseph (5)**c. Judah
b. Reuben
d. Dan

3. Which of the following describes the Israelites, even after the death of Joseph and his brothers?

a. They were ignored by the Egyptians

c. They were beloved by all

b. They became powerful

d. They were fruitful and filled the land (6-7)

4. What concern did the 'new king' who had not known of Joseph fear the Israelites might do?

a. Take over the palace

c. Try to enslave the Egyptian people

b. Join enemies against them in a war (10)

d. None of the above

5. In what way did the Egyptians oppress the Israelites in response to their concerns about them?

a. Made an unfair treaty with them

c. Put taskmasters over them (11)

b. Reduced their food allotment

d. Killed their firstborn children

6. What were Pithom and Ramses?

a. Store cities of Pharaoh built by Israelites (11)

c. Pharaoh's palaces

b. Cities built by the Egyptians

d. Israelite camps

7. What caused the Egyptians to dread the Israelites?

a. Pharaoh gave them positions of power

c. Their children were tall

b. They multiplied and spread (12)

d. All of the above

8. How did the Egyptians make the lives of the Israelites bitter?

a. With hard service in brick and mortar

c. By working them ruthlessly as slaves

b. With all kinds of work in the fields

d. All of the above (14)

9. Who were Shiphrah and Puah?

a. Wives of the King of Egypt

c. Descendents of Simeon

b. Hebrew midwives (15)

d. The Bible does not say

10. Which Israelite offspring did the king of Egypt instruct Shiphrah and Puah to kill?

a. All Israelite children

c. All Israelite sons (16)

b. Only descendents of Joseph

d. All Israelite daughters

- 11. Why did the midwives not do as the king of Egypt had told them to do?
 - a. To spite the king

c. They feared God (17)

b. Murder was illegal in Egypt

- d. They feared the Israelite leaders
- 12. In their explanation to Pharaoh regarding why the Israelite women gave birth before the midwives could arrive, what word did the midwives use to describe the Israelite women who gave birth?
 - a. Vigorous (19)

c. Impatient

b. Fearless

d. Overjoyed

- 13. Why did God give the Israelite midwives families of their own?
 - a. To anger Pharaoh

c. So their daughters could become midwives

b. To show his appreciation

- d. Because they feared God (21)
- 14. To whom did Pharaoh give the order, "Every son that is born to the Hebrews you shall cast into the Nile, but you shall let every daughter live."
 - a. All his people (22)

c. The Egyptian women

b. The Egyptian men

d. The Hebrew men

1. From what tribe were Moses' parents? a. Reuben c. Levi (1-10) b. Simeon d. Judah 2. How long did Moses' mother hide him? a. One month c. Three months (2) b. Two months d. The Bible does not say 3. What did Moses' mother coat with bitumen and pitch? a. A papyrus basket (3) c. Reeds from the river b. Her hair d. Her doorpost 4. Who stood and watched from the distance when Moses was placed in the Nile among the reeds? a. His mother c. His brother b. His father d. His sister (3-4) 5. When Pharaoh's daughter saw Moses as she was bathing in the Nile, how did she identify him? a. As a Hebrew baby (5-6) c. As her slave's child b. As an Egyptian baby d. She was unable to identify him 6. For what purpose did Moses' sister offer to find a Hebrew woman? a. To help Pharaoh's daughter bathe c. To oversee her slaves d. To cut down the reeds b. To nurse the baby (7) 7. Who did Moses' sister get to nurse the baby? a. A slave c. The baby's grandmother b. A neighbor d. The baby's mother (8) 8. Who eventually became Moses' mother? a. His own mother c. His sister b. Pharaoh's daughter (10) d. His grandmother 9. What does "Moses" mean? a. I drew him out of the water (10) c. Son of the princess b. Saved by a leader d. Slow to speak 10. Who did Moses witness beating a Hebrew man? a. An Egyptian (11) c. A Hebrew woman b. Pharaoh d. Pharaoh's daughter 11. After killing the individual who was beating a Hebrew, where did Moses hide the body? a. In a forest c. In bullrushes b. In Pharaoh's palace d. In the sand (12)

12. What did Moses ask a Hebrew man who was wrongly fighting with another Hebrew man?

a. Why do you strike your companion? (13) c. Who is your father?

b. Must I kill you as I did an Egyptian?

d. As ruler and judge, I command you to stop.

Israelites

13. WI	nat did Moses realize when he heard the response	of the	fighting Hebrew man?
a.	The man was strong and angry	c. He	e (Moses) had the authority of a judge
b.	The man knew Moses had killed an Egyptian (14)	d. He	e (Moses) had the authority of a ruler
14. To	where did Moses flee when Pharaoh tried to kill hi	m bec	ause Moses had killed an Egyptian?
a.	His Israelite mother's home	c. Ca	anaan
b.	Midian (15)	d. Ph	naraoh's daughter's palace
15. WI	no did Moses encounter at a well in Midian?		
a.	The seven daughters of a priest named Reuel (16-	18)	c. The seven daughters of a shepherd
	A priest named Reuel	·	d. Moses did not visit a well in Midian
16. WI	ny did Moses rescue and water flocks for Reuel's d	aught	ers?
a.	The daughters were weak	c. Sł	nepherds had driven them away (17)
b.	The flocks were unruly	d. Th	eir father refused to help them
17. WI	nat was the name of the daughter Reuel gave to Mo	ses to	be Moses' wife?
a.	Leah	c. Ra	achel
b.	Zipporah (21)	d. Di	nah
18. WI	nat is the name of Moses' son, which means, "I hav	e bee	n a sojourner in a foreign land"?
a.	Reuel	c. Je	thro
b.	Levi	d. G	ershom (22)
	ter the king of Egypt died and the Israelites groane member?	d and	cried out to God, what did God
a.	That Moses had killed an Egyptian	c. Mo	oses' faith
b.	That the king's daughter was compassionate to	d. H	is covenant with Abraham, Isaac, and

Jacob (22)

lo?

10. Who was Moses instructed to assemble and to then deliver a message fron	ı Goa
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a. The elders of Israel (16)

c. Pharaoh's family

b. All of Israel

d. Pharaoh's servants

11. Who did God say should go with Moses to visit the king of Egypt to request permission to take a three-day journey into the wilderness?

a. The elders of Israel (18)

c. Aaron

b. The Levites

d. The king's daughter

12. For what purpose were the Israelites to take a journey into the wilderness?

a. To rest from their labor

c. To hear God's message

b. To offer sacrifices to God (18)

d. To transport bricks made of straw

13. What did God say would be necessary to convince the king of Egypt to compel the Israelites to leave?

a. A good explanation

c. A mighty hand (19)

b. A bribe

d. A gift of gold

14. What did the LORD say he would perform that would result in the king of Egypt allowing the Israelites to go?

a. Miracles

c. Songs and hymns

b. Healings

d. Wonders (20)

15. What did God say the Egyptian people would willingly give the Israelite women as they left Egypt?

a. Articles of silver and gold, and clothing (22)

c. Sacrificial animals and clothing

b. Food and clothing

d. Their firstborn and clothing

16. Who was to wear clothing provided to the Israelites by the Egyptians?

a. Moses

c. Israelite men

b. Israelite sons and daughters (22)

d. Israelite women

1.	Who feared that the Israelites might say, "The LORD	did not appear to you"?	
	a. Moses (1)	c. Zipporah	
	b. Aaron	d. Jethro	
2.	What did God tell Moses to do with the staff that wa	s in his hand in the beginning of Chapter 4?	
	a. Strike a rock with it	c. Touch Aaron's lips	
	b. Throw it to the ground (2-3)	d. Strike Pharaoh	
3.	After Moses obeyed God's instructions, what did th	e staff become?	
	a. A dove	c. A golden calf	
	b. A locust	d. A serpent (3)	
4.	What was Moses' response when the staff changed	into something else?	
	a. He laughed	c. He cried	
	b. He ran (3)	d. He screamed	
5.	What happened when Moses picked up the thing that	at was originally a staff?	
	a. It disappeared	c. It turned back into a staff (4)	
	b. It began to burn	d. It turned to dust	
6.	Why did the LORD have Moses perform a sign with	his staff?	
	a. To show Moses' power	c. To confuse them	
	b. To show that God had appeared to him (5)	d. To scare them	
7.	What happened when Moses put his hand inside hi	s cloak?	
	a. The sky became dark	c. His hair became white	
	b. His cloak changed colors	d. His hand became leprous (6)	
8.	8. How does Exodus 4 describe Moses' hand's appearance?		
	a. Like snow (6)	c. Withered	
	b. As black as night	d. Wrinkled	
9.	What happened after Moses put his hand in his clo	ak a second time?	
	a. Aaron's staff disappeared	c. Pharaoh grew angry	
	b. Moses' hand was restored (7)	d. Pharaoh grew impatient	
10.	What did the LORD say that the water Moses drew ground would become?	from the Nile and poured on dry	
	a. Pure	c. Mud	
	b. Smelly	d. Blood (9)	

11. What did Moses say to the LORD that resulted in Aaron being a speaker for Moses?

a. My faith is too weak c. I am old

b. I am slow of speech and of tongue. (10) d. I am unattractive

12. To whom did Moses say, "..let me go back to my brothers in Egypt to see whether they are still alive"?

a. His wife, Zipporah c. His father-in-law, Jethro (18)

b. His brother, Aaron d. The LORD

13. Who went with Moses when he returned to Egypt?

a. His father-in-law c. His wife and sons (20)

b. His entire extended family d. He went alone

14. What did the LORD say he would do to Pharaoh's heart?

a. Soften it c. Remove it b. **Harden it (21)** d. Hide it

15. How did the LORD refer to Israel?

a. As fattened calvesb. As peaceful dovesc. As wounded warriorsd. As his firstborn son (22)

16. Which of the following did Zipporah call Moses?

a. Father of manyb. Bridegroom of blood (25)c. Love of my heartd. Friend to my father

17. What did Aaron do when he met Moses at the mountain of God?

a. Fell to his knees c. Kissed him (27)

b. Turned away d. Cried

18. Who did Moses and Aaron bring together in order to tell of and perform the signs the LORD had shown?

a. The elders of the Israelites (29)b. The Levitesc. The tribe of Judahd. The High Priests

19. How did those to whom Moses and Aaron showed the LORD's signs respond when they understood that the LORD was concerned about them and had seen their misery?

a. Cried for joy c. Called on his name

b. Sighed in relief d. Bowed their heads and worshiped (31)

1. What did Moses and Aaron tell Pharaoh the LOR	D wanted the Israelites to hold in the wilderness?	
a. A feast	c. A festival (1)	
b. A council	d. A bonfire	
2. Why did Pharaoh refuse to let the Israelites go, a	according to Exodus 5:2?	
a. He loved the Israelites	c. He did not know the LORD (2)	
b. He despised the Israelites	d. Moses angered him	
3. How many days did Moses and Aaron request th wilderness?	at the Hebrews be allowed to gather in the	
a. One	c. Three (3)	
b. Two	d. Four	
4. What did Moses and Aaron say that the LORD m offer sacrifices to the LORD in the wilderness?	ight strike them with if they did not	
a. Death and destruction	c. Pestilence or the sword (3)	
b. Boils and flies	d. Fear and trembling	
5. What were Moses and Aaron taking the Israelites	s away from, according to Pharaoh?	
a. Their work (4)	c. Egyptian gods	
b. His courtyard	d. Their wives	
6. What did Pharaoh order the taskmasters and for	emen to stop supplying for the Hebrew slaves?	
a. Mud	c. Water	
b. Straw (7)	d. Ovens	
7. Who did the taskmasters beat when the Israelite	s did not make their daily quota of bricks?	
a. Moses	c. The Israelite slaves	
b. Aaron	d. The Israelite foremen (14)	
8. To whom did the Israelite foremen appeal when they were upset that the servants were given no straw?		
a. Pharaoh (15)	c. Moses	
b. The slave drivers	d. Aaron	
9. What word did Pharaoh use to describe the Israe	elites?	
a. Handsome	c. Idle (17)	
b. Strong	d. Frustrated	
10. What did the Israelite foremen know when they bricks required of you each day?"	were told, "You are not to reduce the number of	
a. That Moses would save them	c. That making more would be easy	
b. That they were in trouble (19)	d. That God would be with them	

- 11. To whom did the Israelite foremen say, "The Lord look on you and judge, because you have made us stink in the sight of Pharaoh and his servants, and have put a sword in their hand to kill us."?
 - a. Only Moses

c. Moses and Aaron (20)

b. Only Aaron

- d. The Israelite slaves
- 12. Who asked the Lord, "..why have you done evil to this people...and you have not delivered your people at all"?
 - a. Only Moses (22-23)

c. Moses and Aaron

b. Only Aaron

d. The Israelite slaves

b. Pharaoh's daughter and her children

Exodus 6

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1. The LORD told Moses that because of this, Pharao out of his country.	h would let the Israelites go, and drive them
a. The LORD's mighty hand (1)	c. Pharaoh's love for Moses
b. The LORD's great wrath	d. Pharaoh's respect for his daughter
2. According to God, by what name did he make hims	self known to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob?
a. The LORD	c. God Almighty (3)
b. Father	d. The Creator
3. By what name does chapter 6 specifically say God and Jacob?	does <u>not</u> make himself known to Abraham, Isaac,
a. The LORD (3)	c. God Almighty
b. Father	d. The Creator
4. What did God give to the Israelites as a part of the Isaac, and Jacob?	covenant he established with Abraham,
a. Ten commandments	c. The right to make sacrifices
b. A leader for each tribe	d. The land of Canaan (4)
5. How had the Israelites resided in Canaan?	
a. As sojourners (4)	c. As 'guests' of Pharaoh's daughter
b. As land owners	d. As 'enemies of the King'
6. What did God remember when he heard the groani	ng of the Israelites?
a. His covenant with the Israelites (5)	c. Isaac's sacrifice
b. Abraham's faith	d. Jacob's pain
7. How did the LORD say he would redeem the Israeli	tes?
a. Through plagues and grief	c. With love and kindness
b. Through the parting of a river	 d. With an outstretched arm and great acts of judgment (6)
8. What did the LORD say he would give to the Israeli	tes as a possession?
a. Land he swore to give to Abraham, Isaac, & Jacb. Ten tablets of stone	ob (7) c. An ark to symbolize their covenant d. The Egyptian's land
9. Why did the Israelites not listen to Moses when he	reported what the LOPD had said to them?
a. Their anger burned against the LORD	c. Their broken spirit and harsh slavery (9)
b. The overseers forbade them to listen	
b. The overseers lorbade them to listen	d. Moses was a poor speaker
10. Why did Moses say Pharaoh would not listen to hir	n?
a. He was not an Egyptian	c. Pharaoh's daughter disowned Moses
b. He had uncircumcised lips (12)	d. Pharaoh was deaf
11. What individuals, specifically, are listed in the fami	ly record of Moses and Aaron in Exodus 6?
a. Abraham's mother and father	c. The heads of the Israelite families (14)

d. The key women in Moses' lineage

12. How were Moses and Aaron told to bring the Israelites out of Egypt?

- a. By their hosts (26)
- b. The youngest were to go first

- c. The oldest were to go first
- d. Children were to go first

13. What did the LORD instruct Moses to tell Pharaoh?

- a. Only things he could speak clearly
- b. That he had a hard heart

- c. That he had seen a burning bush
- d. Everything the LORD told him (29)

1. In the beginning of Exodus 7, what did the LORD	say he would harden?	
a. The bricks of straw	c. Moses' heart	
b. The ground in Egypt	d. Pharaoh's heart (3)	
2. With what did the LORD say he would bring out	his divisions - his people the Israelites - from Egypt?	
a. Great acts of judgment (4)	c. Aaron's staff	
b. Moses' mighty hand	d. Aaron's voice	
3. Who did the LORD say would know he was the L	ORD when he stretched out his hand against Egypt?	
a. Pharaoh	c. Moses and Aaron	
b. The Egyptians (5)	d. Pharaoh's wise men	
4. How old was Moses when he spoke to Pharaoh?		
a. Eighty (7)	c. Eighty-two	
b. Eighty-one	d. Eighty-three	
5. How old was Aaron when he spoke to Pharaoh?		
a. Eighty	c. Eighty-two	
b. Eighty-one	d. Eighty-three (7)	
6. Who cast a staff down at Moses' request, as the	LORD had commanded?	
a. Sorcerers	c. Wise men	
b. Pharaoh's magicians	d. Aaron (10)	
7. What did the staff that was cast down on the ground in Pharaoh's presence become?		
a. Blood	c. Dust	
b. A serpent (10)	d. A larger staff	
8. How did the people that Pharaoh summoned tur	n their staffs into serpents?	
a. Through 'black magic'	c. Through 'secret arts' (11)	
b. Through miracles	d. With help from Moses	
9. What did Aaron's staff do to the staffs of the peo	ople Pharaoh summoned?	
a. Struck them	c. Made them burn	
b. Broke them	d. Swallowed them up (12)	
10. How did Pharaoh respond to the sign presented	•	
a. He would not listen to them. (13)	c. He asked their forgiveness	
b. He sent them to the wilderness	d. He praised the LORD	

11. Where was Moses told to confront Pharaoh	"in the morning"?
a. At Pharaoh's palace	c. In the wilderness
b. At the bank of the Nile (14-15)	d. In Goshen
12. With what did the LORD tell Moses to strike	the water of the Nile?
a. Aaron's staff (17)	c. Pharaoh's staff
b. Moses's staff	d. A magician's staff
13. What was the water of the Nile changed into	after Aaron's staff struck the water?
a. Honey	c. Blood (20)
b. Tar	d. Clean water
14. What happened to the fish in the Nile after A	Aaron's staff struck the water?
a. They doubled in size	c. They swam backwards
b. They died (20)	d. They jumped onto the river bank
15. What did the LORD say would be found "t of wood and in vessels of stone?"	throughout all the land of Egypt, even in vessels
a. Fish	c. Water
b. Snakes	d. Blood (20)
16. Who performed the same acts as those per	formed by Moses and Aaron at the Nile?
a. Pharaoh	c. Wise men
b. Zipporah	d. Magicians of Egypt (22)
17. Who turned and went into Pharaoh's after t	the incidents at the Nile in Chapter 7?
a. Moses	c. Pharaoh (23)
b. Aaron	d. Sorcerers
18. Where did the Egyptians dig to get drinking	water after the incidents at the Nile?
a. Along the Nile (24)	c. 500 cubits from the Nile
b. In Pharaoh's courtyard	d. 1,000 cubits from the Nile

Section One Review

Instructions: Identify the chapters in which the following section headings are found.
1. The Genealogy of Moses and Aaron (6)
2. The Burning Bush (3)
3. Making Bricks Without Straw (5)
4. The Birth of Moses (2)
5. Moses Given Powerful Signs (4)
6. Aaron to Speak for Moses (6)
7. God Promises Deliverance (5)
8. Moses Flees to Midian (2)
9. Moses Returns to Egypt (4)
10. Pharaoh Oppresses Israel (1)

1.	. What was the second plague, sent upon Egypt b	y the LORD in the beginning of Chapter 8?
	a. Gnats	c. Frogs (3)
	b. Boils	d. Flies
	In which of the following places did the LORD say found?	y the second plague would be
	a. Pharaoh's house, bedroom, and bed	c. Into ovens and kneading bowls
	b. The houses of the king's servants and people	d. All of the above (3)
3.	. Over what did Aaron stretch out his hand that ca	nused frogs to cover the land?
	a. The waters of Egypt (6)	c. Pharaoh's head
	b. His staff	d. Vessels of wood
4.	. Who made frogs cover the land by using 'secret	arts'?
	a. Moses	c. Magicians (7)
	b. Aaron	d. Pharaoh
5.	. What did Pharaoh tell Moses and Aaron he would he would remove the frogs?	d do if they would pray to the LORD that
	a. Pay them one hundred gold coins	c. Hold a feast
	b. Give them cattle to sacrifice	 d. Let their people go to offer sacrifices to the LORD (8)
6.	When did Pharaoh say Moses should pray?	
	a. Tomorrow (10)	c. In three days
	b. Immediately	d. Never
7.	. What was the one place Moses told Pharaoh the	e frogs would remain?
	a. The streams	c. The Nile (11)
	b. The canals	d. The ponds
8.	. What was done with the frogs that died after Mos	ses' prayer?
	a. They were gathered into heaps (14)	c. They were thrown into the Nile
	b. They were burned	d. The Bible does not say
9.	What did Pharaoh do when he saw that there wa	_
	a. Thanked Moses	c. Let the Israelites go
	b. Hardened his heart (15)	d. Made Moses an overseer

10.	10. What was the third plague, which came after Aaron struck the dust of the earth with his staff?		
	a. Blood	c. Swarms of flies	
	b. Frogs	d. Gnats (16)	
11.	Upon what specifically does Exodus 8 say gnats car	me?	
	a. Man and beast (17)	c. The crops in the fields	
	b. Livestock	d. All of Pharaoh's magicians	
12.	Who tried but was unable to produce gnats using s	ecret arts?	
	a. Magicians (18)	c. Wise men	
	b. Sorcerers	d. Moses	
13.	What did magicians say was responsible for the gna	ats that were in the land of Egypt?	
	a. Some strange magic	c. The finger of God (19)	
	b. An unknown trick	d. An optical illusion	
14.	How did Pharaoh respond to the plague of the gnats	s?	
	a. Thanked Moses	c. Let the Israelites go	
	b. Hardened his heart (19)	d. Made Moses his slave	
15.	15. What was the fourth thing with which the LORD had Moses tell Pharaoh he would plague Egypt if he did not let the Israelites go?		
	a. Blood	c. Swarms of flies (21)	
	b. Frogs	d. Gnats	
16.	What was the one place the LORD said no swarms of	of flies would be found?	
	a. Goshen, where the Israelites lived (22)	c. The palace, where Pharaoh lived	
	b. Goshen, where the magicians lived	d. The wilderness	
17.	After Pharaoh was told of the coming of the flies, when the state of the coming of the flies, when the state of the state	hen did they actually arrive?	
	a. The next day (23)	c. That very night	
	b. Three days later	d. Immediately	
18.	When flies descended on Egypt, where did Pharaoh	say the Israelites could make sacrifices?	
	a. In the wilderness	c. Beside the Nile	
	b. In Egypt, but only in Goshen	d. There in the land of Egypt (25)	
19.	What did Moses say the Egyptians would do to the detestable sacrifices in their presence?	sraelites if the Israelites offered	
	a. Hang them	c. Spit on them	
	b. Stone them (26)	d. Curse them	
20.	Despite agreeing that the Israelites could go into the pray for the flies to leave, what did Pharaoh ultimate		
	a. Made them sacrifice in Goshen	c. Had Moses shackled	
	b. Hardened his heart	d. Had Aaron shackled	

1.	As chapter 9 begins, what does the LORD say he wi			
	a. Blindness	c. Boils		
	b. A severe plague (3)	d. Mange		
2.	Which Egyptian animals were affected by what the I	ORD did in Exodus 9?		
	a. Horses, donkeys, and cattle	c. All of the above (3)		
	b. Camel, flocks, and herds	d. None of the above		
3.	What distinction did the LORD make between the Eq	gyptian livestock and the Israelite livestock?		
	a. Egyptian animals would become spotted	c. No Egyptian animals would die		
	b. Israelite animals would become spotted	d. No Israelite animals would die (4)		
4.	From where did the LORD have Moses take handful	s of soot?		
	a. A campfire	c. An oven		
	b. A kiln (8)	d. A crematory		
5.	When the soot became dust and settled over the lar animals?	nd of Egypt, what broke out on people and		
	a. Itchy hives	c. Boils (10)		
	b. Small chickenpox	d. Leprosy		
6.	6. What were the magicians unable to do after they were affected by the plague caused by the dust?			
	a. See	c. Enter Pharaoh's presence		
	b. Sleep	d. Stand before Moses (11)		
7.	For what purpose did the LORD say he had raised F	Pharaoh up?		
	a. So Pharaoh could protect Egypt	c. To help the Israelites		
	b. So the LORD could show his power (16)	d. To help the Egyptians		
8. What was the LORD sending that caused him to tell Pharaoh that the Egyptians should bring their livestock to a place of shelter?				
	a. A summer snowstorm	c. The hottest sunshine in Egypt's history		
	b. A winter rainstorm	d. Very heavy hail (18)		
9.	What did the officials of Pharaoh who feared the LC	ORD do upon hearing this news?		
	a. Begged Pharaoh to heed the LORD	c. Began to weep		
	b. Ran to warn all of Egypt	d. Brought their slaves and livestock inside (20)		

10. What happened when Moses stretched his staff towards the sky?

a. There was thunder, hail, and fire (23)

c. The sun flared

b. It grew black as night

d. A comet soared westward

11. What was unique about the storm that occurred when Moses stretched his staff towards the sky?

a. It lasted only a second

c. It was the worst in Egypt since it

became a nation (24)

b. It lasted for seven days and nights

 $\mbox{d.}$ It was the worst in Egypt since the Israelites

had lived there

12. What was the only place in Egypt where hail did not fall?

a. The homes of Pharaoh's officials

c. Goshen, where the Israelites lived (26)

b. The homes of Pharaoh's magicians

d. Pharaoh's palace

13. Which of the following did Pharaoh admit?

a. He had sinned (27)

c. He had tricked Moses

b. He had lied

d. His faith was weak

14. When did Moses tell Pharaoh he would spread his hands in prayer in order to stop the thunder and hail?

a. Immediately

c. After he left the city (29)

b. Before he left the city

d. Never

15. What did Moses say he knew about Pharaoh and his officials?

a. They were honorable

c. They were hopeful

b. They were scared

d. They did not fear God (30)

16. How did Pharaoh and his officials sin after Moses prayed and the LORD stopped the hail and thunder?

a. They hardened their hearts (34)

c. They lied to Moses

b. They cursed the LORD

d. They threatened Moses' life

1. Whom did the LORD say Moses would tell about ho	ow the LORD dealt harshly with the Egyptians?	
a. All the people of Israel	c. The Levites	
b. His son and grandson (2)	d. The High Priest	
2. The Lord had Moses ask Pharaoh how long he wou	lld refuse to do this before the LORD.	
a. Bow	c. Fall prostrate	
b. Cry out	d. Humble himself (3)	
3. In Exodus 10, what did Moses say would cover the	ground if Pharaoh did not let the Israelites go?	
a. Gnats	c. Flies	
b. Locusts (4)	d. Blood	
4. What did Moses say would devour what little the Eg	gyptians had left, and fill their houses?	
a. Gnats	c. Flies	
b. Locusts (5-6)	d. Blood	
5. Who, in urging Pharaoh to let the Israelites go, ask	ed him, "Do you not yet realize that Egypt is ruined?"	
a. Pharaoh's servants (7)	c. Moses	
b. Pharaoh's wife	d. Aaron	
6. When Pharaoh told Moses and Aaron they could go worship the LORD in Exodus 9, what did he ask them?		
 a. How long they would be gone 	c. Who would be going (8)	
b. What they would take	d. How they would travel	
7. Who did Moses tell Pharaoh would celebrate a fest	ival to the LORD?	
a. Young & old, sons & daughters, and herds & flo		
b. Men & women, children & babies, and cattle & sheep	d. Moses refused to discuss this with Pharaoh	
8. What did Pharaoh say was Moses' purpose that he	had in mind according to Chapter 10?	
a. Evil (10)	c. Running away for good	
b. Leaving	d. Ruining Egypt	
9. Before driving them out of his presence, which Isra the LORD?	elites did Pharaoh say could go worship	
a. The men and their herds	c. Only the women	
b. The women and children	d. Only the men (11)	
10. When Moses' staff stretched over Egypt, from what	direction did the wind blow all day and night?	
a. North	c. East (13)	
b. South	d. West	

11. When did the wind bring the locusts?	
a. Before dawn	c. At noon
b. By morning (13)	d. At dusk
12. What was described as being 'darkened' due to beil locusts?	ng covered by
a. The trees	c. Pharaoh's palace
c. The land (15)	d. Everything in Egypt
13. After the locusts had devoured everything the hail Moses to pray for the LORD to take the plague away,	
a. A strong wind (19)	c. A cloud of dust
b. Darkness that enveloped the land	d. A second hail storm
14. To where were the locusts carried away?	
a. Goshen	c. Canaan
b. The Red Sea (19)	d. Mt. Horeb
15. What plague did the LORD bring upon Egypt after	the plague of locusts?
a. Death of the firstborn	c. Frogs
b. Boils	d. Darkness (22)
16. How many days did the plague of darkness last?	
a. One	c. Three (23)
b. Two	d. Four
17. Who had light in the places where they lived?	
a. Pharaoh's servants	c. Only the Levites
b. The Israelites (23)	d. Only Moses and Aaron
18. When Pharaoh, because of the plague of darkness and children could go worship the LORD, what did a. Gold and silver b. Levite priests	
19. Why did the Israelites need to take all of their lives	tock with them into the wilderness?
a. They didn't know what they would need to sacrif b. The Egyptians would not care for them	
20. Who did Moses say he would never appear before	again?
a. Pharaoh's officials	c. Aaron
b. Pharaoh's magicians	d. Pharaoh (29)

EXODUS CHAPTER 11

1. What did the LORD say Pharaoh would do to the Is	raelites after the final plague occurred?
a. Drive them away completely (1)	c. Kill the Israelites' first born
b. Have them all arrested	d. Offer to give them land
2. Which Israelites were to ask their Egyptian neighbor	ors for articles of silver and gold?
a. Tribal leaders	c. Children
b. Priests	d. Men and women (2)
3. How was Moses regarded by Pharaoh's servants an	nd the Egyptian people?
a. As Israel's king	c. A great man (3)
b. As the LORD's favorite servant	d. Poorly
4. At what time did the LORD say he would go throug	h Egypt in Exodus 11:4?
a. Early in the morning	c. Around noon
b. About midnight (4)	d. At dusk
5. Who did the LORD say would die when he went thre	ough Egypt?
a. Every firstborn daughter	c. All of Pharaohs children
b. Every firstborn son (5)	d. All Egyptian baby boys
6. Which cattle did the LORD say would die when he	went through Egypt?
a. Every steer	c. Every heifer
b. Every bull	d. Every firstborn (5)
7. After the LORD went through Egypt, what did he sa that had ever occurred in Egypt, and the worst that	
a. Loud wailing (6)	c. Crying
b. Gnashing of teeth	d. Extreme violence
8. When the LORD went through Egypt, what did he s	ay the Israelite dogs would not do?
a. Die	c. Chase any other dogs
b. Eat	d. Growl at any person or animal (7)
9. What would the behavior of the dogs let the Israelit	es know?
a. The LORD distinction between Egypt and Israel	• •
 b. The LORD distinction between Pharaoh and Moses 	d. It was time to run
10. After this last encounter with Pharaoh, how does E	xodus 11 say Moses left Pharaoh?
a. Green with envy	c. Hot with anger (8)
b. Sad and in tears	d. Weary and worn
11. Why did Pharaoh refuse to listen to Moses?	
a. So the LORD's wonders would be multiplied (9)	c. He did not like Moses' attitude
b. He feared losing his power	d. So he could appear powerful

1. On the tenth day of the first month of the Israelites' year, what was each man to take for his family, one for each household?		
a. A camel	c. A calf	
b. A lamb (3)	d. A dove	
2. What were households that were too small for one la	amb supposed to do?	
a. Take a small lamb	c. Take a goat instead	
b. Share with a neighbor (4)	d. Ask a large family to share with them	
3. Which of the following describes the animals the Is	raelites were required to take for their families?	
a. One year old, without defect (5)	c. Three years old, without defect	
b. Two years old, without defect	d. Four years old, without defect	
4. Where were the Israelites to put blood from the lam	bs they took for their families?	
a. The two doorposts and the lintel of the house (7)	c. Their foreheads	
b. The threshold of their front door	d. The backs of their hands	
5. How were the Israelites to prepare the meat of the a	nimal they slaughtered for Passover?	
a. Boiled, with sweet spices	c. Boiled, with bitter herbs	
b. Roasted, with sweet spices	d. Roasted, with bitter herbs (8)	
6. What were the Israelites to do in this manner: "with your belt fastened, your sandals on your feet, and your staff in your hand"?		
a. Flee Egypt	c. Eat the Passover lamb (11)	
b. Knead dough	d. Kill the Passover lamb	
7. What was struck down on the night the LORD pass	ed through Egypt?	
a. The guards at Pharaoh's palace	c. Pharaoh's magicians	
b. Pharaoh's officials	d. The firstborn of both people and animals (12	
8. For how many days were the Israelites commanded to eat bread made without yeast during the Festival of Unleavened Bread?		
a. Seven (15)	c. Nine	
b. Eight	d. Ten	
9. What was the name of the celebration to remember that the LORD brought Israel's divisions out of Egypt?		
a. Purim	c. Rosh Hashanah	
b. Festival of the Unleavened Bread (17)	d. Hanukkah	
10. At what time of day did the LORD strike down all th	e firstborn in Egypt?	
a. Sunrise	c. Midnight (29)	
b. Noon	d. Dusk	

11.	1. How many Egyptian houses did not have someone who died during Passover?		
	a. None (30)	c. Two	
	b. One	d. Three	
12.	What specifically did the Egyptians fear that caused	them to urge the Israelites to leave Egypt?	
	a. Secondborn children dying	c. Mothers dying	
	b. Fathers dying	d. That they would all die (33)	
13.	What was the dough without yeast, carried on the Is	raelites' shoulders in troughs, wrapped in?	
	a. Sheets	c. Cloaks (34)	
	b. Blankets	d. Towels	
14.	About how many Israelite men journeyed from Rame	eses to Succoth when they departed from Egypt?	
	a. Five hundred thousand	c. Seven hundred thousand	
	b. Six hundred thousand (37)	d. Eight hundred thousand	
15.	In what condition was the Israelites' dough as a resu without time to prepare food for themselves?	ult of their being driven out of Egypt	
	a. It had no sugar	c. It was fresh, a gift from Egyptian friends	
	b. It had no yeast (39)	d. It was moldy	
16.	16. What was the length of time the Israelite people lived in Egypt?		
	a. 130 years	c. 330 years	
	b. 230 years	d. 430 years (40)	
17.	In the regulations for the Passover meal, which of th	e following did the LORD say could not eat it?	
	a. Foreigners (43)	c. Children	
	b. Women	d. Levites	
18.	When would a slave be allowed to eat the Passover	meal?	
	a. When he had a permanent owner	c. After offering a sacrifice	
	b. After one year of service	d. After being circumcised (44)	
19.	Where were the Israelites required to be when they a	ate the Passover meal?	
	a. Inside the house (46)	c. In the presence of an Israelite male	
	b. Outside the house	d. In the presence of an Israelite female	
20.	If a stranger living among the Israelites wanted to ce have to do first?	elebrate Passover, what did the stranger	
	a. Get permission from a priest	c. Provide his own unleavened bread	
	b. Have all males in his household circumcised (48)	d. Provide his own lamb	

Who did the LORD say was to be consecrated? a. Every child of Israel	c. Every firstborn male from the tribe of Judah	
b. Every firstborn calf	d. Every firstborn male human and animal (2)	
2. In what month did the Israelites depart from Egypt?		
a. Sivan	c. Abib (4)	
b. Elul	d. Shebat	
3. During the seven day feast to commemorate the Egyptians leaving Egypt, what did the LORD say was not to be seen anywhere in Israel's borders?		
a. Leaven (7)	c. Unclean animals	
b. Bread	d. Milk or honey	
4. How frequently were the Israelites to commemorate	e the day they left Egypt?	
a. Once every ten years	c. Every seven years	
b. During each new moon	d. At the appointed time, year after year (10)	
5. Whose land had the LORD promised to give to the	Israelites?	
a. The Egyptians'	c. The Moabites'	
b. The Canaanites' (11)	d. The Amalekites'	
6. Which of the following did the LORD command the	Israelites to give over to him [the LORD]?	
a. All of their golden earrings	c. The youngest sheep from every flock	
b. The fattest calf from every herd	d. The first offspring of every womb (12)	
7. What were the Israelites commanded to redeem wit	h a lamb?	
a. Every firstborn donkey (13)	c. The lamb's father	
b. The lamb's mother	d. A single gold coin	
8. What was to be done to donkeys that were not rede	eemed?	
a. They were to be set free	c. Their necks were to be broken (13)	
b. They were to be sold	d. Their tails were to be cut off	
9. What country did the Israelites NOT travel through,	even though that route was shorter?	
a. The Philistine country (17)	c. The Jebusite country	
b. The Ammonite country	d. The Perizzite country	
10. Why did God lead the people around by the desert	road toward the Red Sea?	
a. That road was less traveled	c. So they could travel a smoother path	
b. So they would not return to Egypt if they faced w	•	
11. Whose bones did Moses take with him?		
a. Abraham's	c. Jacob's	
b. Isaac's	d. Joseph's (19)	

12. What did the LORD guide the Israelites by during the day?

a. A pillar of salt c. A pillar of cloud (21)

b. A pillar of rain d. A pillar of fire

13. What did the LORD guide the Israelites by during the night?

a. A pillar of saltb. A pillar of rainc. A pillar of cloudd. A pillar of fire (21)

Section 2 Review

Instructions: Identify the chapters in which the following section headings are found.
1. The Tenth Plague: Plague of the Firstborn (11)
2. Pillars of Cloud and Fire (13)
3. The Passover and The Feast of Unleavened Bread (12)
4. The Ninth Plague: Darkness (10)
5. Consecration of the Firstborn (13)
6. The Third Plague: Gnats (8)
7. The Sixth Plague: Boils (9)
8. The Eighth Plague: Locusts (10)
9. Institution of the Passover (12)
10. The Fourth Plague: Flies (8)
11. The Fifth Plague: Egyptian Livestock Die (9)
12. The Exodus (12)
13 The Seventh Plague: Hail (0)

1.	What did Pharaoh do when he realized the Egyptian	s had lost the services of the Israelites?
	a. He offered to pay them more	c. He feared what the Lord might still do
	b. He changed his mind (5)	d. He said he would decrease their workload
2.	Who accompanied Pharaoh when he followed the Is	raelites into the desert?
	a. His second-born son	c. His army (6)
	b. His chariot makers	d. No one – he went alone
3.	How many of the best chariots did Pharaoh take int	o the desert when he followed the Israelites?
	a. Five hundred	c. Seven hundred
	b. Six hundred (7)	d. Eight hundred
4.	How does Exodus 14 describe the way the Israelites	s marched out of Egypt?
	a. In fear and trembling	c. Silently
	b. With great excitement	d. Defiantly (8)
5.	Where were the Israelites when Pharaoh's horses, o	chariots, horsemen, and troops overtook them?
	a. Standing around the Red Sea	c. Camping by the sea near Pi-hahiroth (9)
	b. Preparing to cross the Jordan River	d. Eating a meal in Baal Zephon
6.	Who said, "Is it because there are no graves in Egy wilderness"?	pt that you have taken us away to die in the
	a. The Israelites, to Pharaoh	c. The Egyptian officers, to Pharaoh
	b. The Israelites, to Moses (11)	d. The Egyptian officers, to Moses
7.	Who said it would have been better for the Israelites wilderness?	s to be servants in Egypt than to die in the
	a. The Israelites (12)	c. Pharaoh
	b. Pharaoh's officers	d. Moses
8.	What did Moses tell the Israelites they needed to do	in order for the LORD to fight for them?
	a. Ready their swords	c. Call on his name
	b. Hide the women and children	d. Be silent (14)
9.	What did the LORD tell Moses would happen when over the sea?	he raised his staff and stretched out his hand
	a. The water would be divided (16)	c. The Egyptians would retreat
	b. The skies would begin to thunder	d. An eleventh plague would occur

10. What did the LORD say he would gain through Pha	araoh, his hosts, his chariots, and his horsemen?	
a. Riches	c. Power	
b. Glory (17-18)	d. Respect	
11. Who had been traveling in front of Israel's host, bu	it withdrew and moved behind them?	
a. Moses	c. The angel of God (19)	
b. Aaron	d. A servant of Moses	
12. What stood behind the Israelites, coming between	them and the host of Egypt?	
a. The pillar of cloud (19)	c. Moses' horse and chariot	
b. A blinding light	d. Nothing – they could see each other clearly	
13. With what did the LORD drive the sea back, dividir	ng the waters?	
a. A soft north wind	c. A strong west wind	
b. A soft south wind	d. A strong east wind (21)	
14. What word described the ground the Israelites walked on as they passed through the sea?		
a. Dry (22)	c. Sandy	
b. Muddy	d. Hard	
15. What did the LORD do to the wheels of the Egyptian chariots when the Egyptians followed the Israelites into the sea?		
a. Made them fall off	c. Clogged them (25)	
b. Made them roll backwards	d. Made them disappear	
16. What happened when Moses stretched his hand o	ut over the sea at daybreak?	
 a. The pillar of cloud disappeared 	c. A bright light flashed in the East	
b. The sea returned to its normal course (27)	d. Pharaoh called on the name of the LORD	
17. How many Egyptians survived when the water from Pharaoh's army?	n the sea flowed back and covered	
a. Only Pharaoh	c. All of them	
b. Only Pharaoh's officers	d. Not one (28)	
18. What was described as a "wall" on the right and th	ne left of the Israelites?	
a. The sky	c. The pillar of cloud	
b. The sea water (29)	d. The pillar of fire	
19. How did the Israelites respond to the LORD when the Egyptians?	they saw his mighty hand displayed against	
a. They believed in the LORD and in his servant N	loses (31) c. They became excited	
b. They were angered	d. They became boastful	

1. According to Exodus 15, who sang the song reco	rded in the first part of Exodus 15?	
a. Moses	c. Moses and the Israelites (1)	
b. Aaron	d. Aaron and the Israelites	
2. What did the LORD do to the horse and driver, ac	cording to the song in Exodus 15?	
a. Thrown them into the sea (1)	c. Raised them up	
b. Made their path confusing	d. Gave them refuge	
3. In what sea were the chosen of Pharaoh's officers	s drowned?	
a. The Dead Sea	c. The Red Sea (4)	
b. The Black Sea	d. The Sea of Galilee	
4. Like what did Pharaoh's officers sink into the dep	ths of the deep waters?	
a. A stone (5)	c. A capsized boat	
b. An anchor	d. A wet rat	
5. According to the song in Exodus 15, who would 'melt away'?		
a. The people of Moab	c. The people of Egypt	
b. The people of Canaan (15)	d. The chiefs of Edom	
6. Who was Miriam the prophet?		
a. The wife of the High Priest	c. Moses' mother	
b. The daughter of the High Priest	d. Aaron's sister (20)	
7. What did Miriam have in her hand as she danced?	?	
a. A flute	c. A tambourine (20)	
b. A scarf	d. A scroll	
8. When the Israelites left the Red Sea, where did Mo	oses lead them?	
a. The Dead Sea	c. The south side of Canaan	
b. The Wilderness of Shur (22)	d. A mountain near Moab	
9. How many days did the Israelites travel without f	inding water?	
a. One	c. Three (22)	
b. Two	d. Four	
10. Where did the Israelites find bitter water?		
a. The Dead Sea	c. The Nile	
b. Canaan	d. Marah (23)	
11. How did the Israelites respond when the water the	ey found was bitter?	
a. They praised God	c. They began to march back to the sea	
b. They grumbled (24)	d. They wept	

12. What did Moses throw into the water that caused it to be fit to drink?

a. A log (25) c. His rod b. A stone d. His staff

13. What was the name of the place where the Israelites camped that had twelve springs and seventy palm trees?

a. Oasis
c. Elim (27)
b. Shur
d. Moab

b. Grapes

1. What was located between Elim and Sinai?	
a. The Wilderness of Sin (1)	c. Moab
b. Canaan	d. A great mountain
2. Where did the Israelites arrive on the fifteenth d	ay of the second month after they left Egypt?
a. The banks of the Jordan River	c. Mount Sinai
b. The Wilderness of Sin (1)	d. Mount Horeb
3. As they complained, what did the Israelites say	they had had in Egypt?
a. Roofs over their heads	c. Meat pots and bread to the full (3)
b. Clothes on their backs	d. Protection from disease
4. What did the Israelites claim would happen becathe wilderness?	ause Moses and Aaron had brought them into
a. They would die from the heat	c. They would die of thirst
b. They would die of hunger (3)	d. Their children would turn against them
5. What did the LORD say he would rain down from	n heaven?
a. Quail	c. Water
b. Fire	d. Bread (4)
6. Except for the sixth day, how much bread were	the Israelites to collect?
a. Enough for one day (4)	c. As much as they wanted
b. Enough for two days	d. Enough for a meal for each male
7. How much bread were the Israelites to gather or	n the sixth day?
 a. Only enough for the children 	c. As much as they wanted
b. Twice as much as they gather daily (5)	d. None
8. Though the people grumbled at Moses and Aard actually grumbling against?	on, who did Moses tell them they were
a. One another	c. The Egyptians
b. Pharaoh	d. The LORD (8)
9. How did the glory of the LORD appear as the Isr Aaron was speaking?	raelites looked toward the wilderness while
a. In a cloud (10)	c. As a pillar of fire
b. In a bush	d. As a raging storm
10. What did the LORD have Moses tell the Israelite	s they would eat at twilight?
a. Bread	c. Meat (12)
b. Grapes	d. A feast

11.	11. What did the LORD have Moses tell the Israelites they would be filled with in the morning?		
	a. Grapes	c. Meat	
	b. Bread (12)	d. A feast	
12.	What birds, sent from the LORD as meat for the Isra	elites, covered their camp in the evening?	
	a. Ravens	c. Doves	
	b. Chickens	d. Quail (13)	
13.	How does Exodus 16 describe the appearance of the	e bread the LORD sent the Israelites?	
	a. Fine flake-like things (14)	c. Hard crispy wafers	
	b. Light, round balls	d. Snow-white loaves	
14.	By what did the Israelites measure how much bread	they had collected?	
	a. The kav	c. The omer (18)	
	b. The letek	d. The ephah	
15.	What happened to the bread if the Israelites disobey	ved and kept it overnight?	
	a. It bred worms and stank (20)	c. It grew mold	
	b. It disappeared	d. It multiplied	
16.	What happened to the bread left outside on the grou	und when the sun grew hot?	
	a. It became moldy	c. It became hard	
	b. It melted away (21)	d. The birds ate it	
17. As he explained the process for collecting extra food on the sixth day, what did Moses tell the Israelites the next day would be?			
	a. A day of additional work	c. A day of fasting	
	b. A day of feasting	d. A holy sabbath to the Lord (23)	
18.	18. What was the seventh day – the day the Israelites were to rest – called?		
	a. The Sabbath (29)	c. Saturday	
	b. Sunday	d. Purim	
19.	What was described as being white like coriander se	eed, and tasting like wafers made with honey?	
	a. Quail	c. Yeast	
	b. Manna (31)	d. Dew	
20.	For how many years did the Israelites eat manna?		
	a. Thirty	c. Fifty	
	b. Forty (35)	d. Sixty	

1.	What does Exodus 17 say the Israelites did NOT h	nave when they camped at Rephidim?	
	a. Dry ground on which to pitch their tents	c. Water to drink (1)	
	b. Wood to make fires	d. Food to eat	
2.	What did Moses fear the Israelites might do as a r	esult of their grumbling against him?	
	a. Go back to Egypt	c. Turn on each other	
	b. Stone him (4)	d. Turn on his family	
3.	. Who did the LORD instruct Moses to take with him when he went in front of the people of Israel?		
	a. Aaron	c. Zipporah	
	b. Miriam	d. Some of the elders of Israel (5)	
4.	What did the LORD instruct Moses to take with hi	m when he went in front of the people of Israel?	
	a. A piece of Pharaoh's chariot	c. Miriam's timbrel	
	b. The staff he had used to strike the Nile (5)	d. A jar of manna	
5.	What did Moses strike with his staff?		
	a. The ground	c. The side of a mountain	
	b. Rotting manna	d. The rock at Horeb (6)	
6.	What came out of the rock at Horeb?		
	a. Water (6)	c. Fire	
	b. Manna	d. Quail	
7.	What did Moses call the place where the Israelites		
	a. Pishon and Gihon	c. Massah and Meribah (7)	
	b. Imgur-Enlil	d. Sodom and Gomorrah	
8.	Who attacked the Israelites at Rephidim?		
	a. The Jebusites	c. The Perrizzites	
	b. The Amalekites (8)	d. The Egyptians	
9.	Who did Moses put in charge of choosing men to		
	a. Aaron	c. Joshua (9)	
	b. Hur	d. Caleb	
10.	What did Moses hold in his hands when he stood	-	
	a. A trumpet	c. A jar full of manna	
	b. A shofar	d. The staff of God (9)	
11.	Who stood on top of a hill with Moses during Joshua's battle at Rephidim?		
	a. Aaron and Miriam	c. Joshua and Caleb	
	b. Aaron and Hur (10)	d. No one – he stood alone	

12. What happened whenever Moses lowered his hands during the battle at Rephidim?

a. The sky would grow dark

c. The Amalekites would begin to lose

b. The pillar of cloud would disappear

d. The Amalekites would begin to win (11)

13. What did Aaron and Hur do when Moses' hands grew weary?

a. They propped his arms up on a stone

c. They held the staff for him

b. They held their own hands up instead

d. They held them up, one on each side (12)

14. Why did the LORD say that the battle against the Amalekites should be written on a scroll?

a. The name of Amalek was to be blotted out from under heaven (14)

c. So Aaron would not forget it

b. So Moses would not forget it

d. To honor them for eternity

15. What did Moses call the altar built to commemorate the battle against the Amalekites?

a. The LORD is my Shelter

c. The LORD is my Banner (15)

b. The LORD is my Refuge

d. Shephgar, which means 'consecrated'

EXODUS CHAPTER 18

1. With whom did Moses send his wife, Zipporah, ar	nd their two sons to stay?
a. Jocebed, Moses' mother	c. Miriam, Moses' sister
b. Amram, Moses' father	d. Jethro, Zipporah's father (2)
2. What was the name of Moses' son that meant 'I h	ave been a sojourner in a foreign land''?
a. Gershom (3)	c. Caleb
b. Eliezer	d. Joshua
3. What was the name of Moses' son that meant 'Th me from the sword of Pharaoh'?	e God of my father was my help, and delivered
a. Gershom	c. Caleb
b. Eliezer (4)	d. Joshua
4. How did Moses and his family reunite?	
a. Jethro took them to Moses in the wilderness (5) c. Zipporah met Moses on a mountaintop
b. Moses retrieved them from their hiding place	d. The Bible does not say
5. What did Jethro do in response to Moses' news of	of what the LORD had done for Israel?
a. Fell on his knees in worship	c. Declared, "The LORD is good!"
b. Brought a burnt offering (12)	d. Wept tears of joy
6. Who took a seat and served as a judge for the pe	ople of Israel?
a. Jethro	c. Aaron
b. Gershom	d. Moses (13)
7. Who was concerned about the work Moses did fo	or the Israelites from morning to night?
a. Gershom	c. Aaron
b. Jethro (14)	d. Eliezer
8. Why did the Israelites take their disputes to Mose	es?
a. He was the wisest Israelite	c. He had great patience
b. He was the oldest Israelite	d. He could tell them God's statutes and laws (15)
9. Who advised Moses to appoint God-fearing men	to act as officials / judges?
a. Aaron	c. Jethro (19-22)
b. Joshua	d. Gershom
10. What was Moses told the men he appointed shou	ıld hate?
a. A bribe (21)	c. False gods
b. Lying tongues	d. Those who murder
Who heard the difficult (great matter) cases of the Israelites?	
a. Jethro	c. Moses (26)
b. Aaron	d. Joshua

Exodus 19

1. After they left Egypt, how long did it take for the Is	sraelites to reach the wilderness of Sinai?	
a. One month	c. On the third moon (1)	
b. On the second moon	d. Four months	
2. Where did the Israelites camp once they entered t	he wilderness of Sinai?	
a. In front of a mountain (2)	c. By a well dug by their enemies	
b. Near an oasis	d. In a deep valley	
3. What did the LORD have Moses tell the Israelites t	they would be	
a. His treasured possession	c. A holy nation	
b. A kingdom of priests	d. All of the above (5-6)	
4. What did the Israelites say in response to the mes	sage from the LORD that Moses delivered to them?	
a. Who is this LORD?	c. We were better off in Egypt	
b. We do not understand.	d. All that the LORD has spoken we will do (8)	
5. How did the LORD tell Moses he would appear to	the Israelites?	
a. In a thick cloud (9)	c. In a burning bush	
b. In a pillar of fire	d. In a pillar of cloud	
6. What did the LORD have the Israelites do to their	clothes as part of the consecration process?	
a. Wash them (10)	c. Tear them	
b. Mend them	d. Burn them	
7. What did the LORD say would happen to anyone who touched the mountain?		
a. Their hair would turn white	c. Their firstborn would die	
b. They would go blind	d. They would be put to death (12)	
8. In Exodus 19, what did the LORD say would result	in someone being stoned or shot with arrows?	
Collecting extra manna	c. Blasphemy	
b. Mentioning Egypt	d. Touching the mountain (13)	
9. When were the Israeites allowed to touch the mou	ntain?	
a. When the trumpet sounds a long blast (13)	c. When Moses hit it with his staff	
b. On the fourth day	d. When the pillar of cloud disappeared	
10. What occurred on the morning of the third day?		
a. Thunder and lightning (16)	c. Hail	
b. Rain	d. Snow	
11. What sat over the mountain on the third day?		
a. A covey of doves	c. A thick cloud (16)	

b. A choir of angels

d. A strange fire

12. Who led the Israelites out of the camp to meet with God at the foot of the mountain?

a. Moses (17)

c. Jethro

b. Aaron

d. Gershom

13. Why was Mt. Sinai covered in smoke?

a. The Israelites were making burnt offerings

c. Lightning had struck it

b. The LORD descended on it in fire (18)

d. The Bible does not say

14. Who answered Moses when he spoke as the sound of the trumpet grew louder and louder?

a. Michael, the archangel

c. The voice of God (19)

b. Aaron

d. The voice of Abraham

15. Who went to the top of Mt. Sinai?

a. Moses and Aaron

c. Aaron and the LORD

b. Moses and the LORD (20)

d. Moses, Aaron, and the LORD

16. To whom was Moses told to issue a warning that they should not force their way through to see the LORD?

a. All the Israelite women

c. Leaders of each tribe

b. All the Israelite children

d. The priests and the people (24)

Exodus 20

1. How did God identify himself to Moses when	n he spoke on Mt. Sinai?
a. The LORD your God (1)	c. The one who loves you
b. The one who saved you	d. God the Father
2. Which commandment states, "You shall have	ve no other Gods before me?"
a. The first (3)	c. The third
b. The second	d. The fourth
3. Of what did God specifically command the I	sraelites not to make images?
a. Cattle	c. Gods of their enemies
b. Birds of the air	d. Anything in heaven above, or earth beneath, or water under the earth (4)
4. Which word did the LORD use to describe h	nimself as he gave the second commandment?
a. Powerful	c. Angry
b. Jealous (5)	d. All-seeing
5. For how many generations did God say he v	would punish the children of those who sinned?
a. To the third and fourth (5)	c. To the fifth and sixth
b. To the fourth and fifth	d. To the sixth and seventh
6. What did the LORD command the Israelites	NOT to do with his name?
a. Say it aloud	c. Take it in vain (7)
b. Include it in psalms	d. Use it as a name for their children
7. How were the Israelites commanded to remo	ember the Sabbath?
a. Through prayers and fasting	c. By offering burnt offerings
b. By offering a weekly tithe	d. By keeping it holy (8)
8. What day of the week was the Sabbath?	
a. First	c. Fifth
b. Third	d. Seventh (10)
9. What did the LORD say the Israelites, their s towns were NOT to do on the Sabbath?	servants, their animals, and sojourner living in their
a. Sleep	c. Play
b. Work (10)	d. Fast
10. Who had worked for six days, in the same w six days?	ay the Israelites were expected to also work
a. Moses	c. The LORD (11)
b. Aaron	d. Jethro

11.	Who does Exodus 20 say would live long in the land	d the Lord was giving them?
	a. Those who don't misuse God's name	c. Those who don't steal
	b. Those who honor their father and mother (12)	d. Those who keep the Sabbath holy
12.	Which of the following did the LORD command the I	sraelites NOT to do in Exodus 20?
	a. Murder, steal, commit adultery (13-15)	c. Steal, drink wine, commit adultery
	b. Murder, steal, drink wine	d. Be gluttonous, murder, steal
13.	Against whom were the Israelites told not to bear fa	lse witness?
	a. Their servants	c. Their neighbors (16)
	b. Their children	d. Egyptians
14.	What were the Israelites told not to do to their neigh donkeys, and other possessions?	bor's house, wife, servants, oxen,
	a. Hate them	c. Buy and sell them
	b. Hide them	d. Covet them (17)
15.	What did the Israelites believe would happen to ther	
	a. They would be blinded	c. They would turn into pillars of salt
	b. They would die (19)	d. They would see their sins clearly
16.	What had the LORD done so that the fear of God wo	uld be with them to keep them from sinning
	a. Protected them	c. Tested them (20)
	b. Hidden them	d. Circumcised them
17.	Where did the Israelites remain when Moses approa	ched the thick darkness where God was?
	a. They stood far off (21)	c. Along the farthest border of their camp
	b. In their tents	d. Around the base of the mountain
18.	Which of the following were the Israelites supposed	to make?
	a. Gods to be alongside the LORD	c. Gods of gold
	b. Gods of silver	d. An altar of earth (24)
19.	Upon what were the Israelites told to sacrifice their I sheep, goats, and cattle?	burnt offerings, fellowship offerings,
	a. An altar of dressed stones	c. Fire from the pillar of fire
	b. An altar of earth (24)	d. Fire sparked from Egyptian rocks

Section Three Review

Instructions: Identify the chapters in which the following section headings are found.
1. Water from the Rock (17)
2. Israel at Mount Sinai (19)
3. The Song of Moses (15)
4. Jethro's Advice (18)
5. The Ten Commandments (20)
6. Bread from Heaven (16)
7. Laws About Alters (20)
8. Bitter Water Made Sweet (15)
9 Israel Defeats Amalek (17)

a. No manna appeared in the morning

the testimony (11)

b. The cloud lifted from above the tabernacle of

c. The LORD brought forth rain d. The pillar of fire disappeared forevermore

Numbers	10
1. What did the LORD tell Moses to make, and to υ breaking camp?	use for summoning the congregation and for
a. One trumpet of hammered silver	c. One trumpet of polished silver
b. Two trumpets of hammered silver (2)	d. Two trumpets of polished silver
2. What was the signal for the whole congregation to the tent of meeting?	to assemble before Moses at the entrance
a. Clanging of cymbals	c. One trumpet being sounded
b. Moses' staff being raised	d. Two trumpets being sounded (3)
3. What was the signal for the leaders – the heads	of the clans of Israel – to assemble before Moses?
a. Clanging of cymbals	c. One trumpet being sounded (4)
b. Moses' staff being raised	d. Two trumpets being sounded
4. Which camps were to set out when a trumpet b	last was sounded?
a. Camps on the east (5)	c. Camps on the north
b. Camps on the west	d. Camps on the south
5. What signal did the LORD say was NOT to be us	sed in blowing the trumpets to gather the assembly?
a. The signal for making sacrifices	c. The signal for war
b. The signal for prayers	d. The signal for setting out (7)
6. Who was to blow the trumpets for Israel?	
a. The sons of Judah	c. Only Aaron
b. The sons of Aaron, the priests (8)	d. Only Moses
7. What did the LORD say the Israelites should do against enemies who were oppressing them?	when going into battle in their own land
a. Sneak up on them silently	c. Yell the battlecry, "The LORD is with us!"
b. Surround their enemies	d. Sound an alarm on the trumpets (9)
8. If the Israelites sounded a blast on the trumpets	s before going into battle, what would happen?
a. The LORD would turn from them	c. A plague would fall on their enemies
b. Their firstborn sons would die	d. The LORD would remember and save them (9)
9. Over what were the Israelites commanded to so New Moon feasts?	ound trumpets during their festivals and
a. Their standards	c. Priests and elders of the tribes
b. Their children	d. Burnt offerings and peace offerings (10)
0. What happened on the twentieth day of the sec	ond month of the second year?

11.	Where did the Israelites come to rest after they left t	the wilderness of Sinai?
	a. At the foot of a mountain	c. The banks of the Dead Sea
	b. At the edge of a great river	d. The wilderness of Paran (12)
12.	Whose command caused the Israelites to set out fro	om the wilderness of Sinai?
	a. The LORD's, through Moses (13)	c. Moses's, through Aaron
	b. The LORD's, through Aaron	d. Jethro's, through Moses
13.	Which camp went first when they set out from the w	vilderness of Sinai?
	a. Levi	c. Dan
	b. Judah (14)	d. Asher
14.	What two camps followed the first tribe that set out	?
	a. Issachar and Zebulun (15-16)	c. Levi and Judah
	b. Reuben and Simeon	d. Dan and Asher
15.	Who took the tabernacle down and carried it after the	ne first three camps departed?
	a. The Gershonites	c. The Gershonites and Merarites (17)
	b. The Merarites	d. The Levites
16.	Which camp was the last one to set out from the wil	derness of Sinai, under their standard?
	a. Reuben	c. Dan (25)
	b. Simeon	d. Benjamin
17.	What was the nationality of Reuel, Moses' father-in-	law?
	a. Perizzite	c. Canaanite
	b. Midianite (29)	d. Israelite
18.	What was Hobab, son of Reuel's initial response wh	en Moses asked him to go with them?
	a. He said no (30)	c. He wept
	 b. That he would only go if Moses would promise good things 	d. He said yes immediately
19.	What did Moses want Hobab son of Reuel to be for the wilderness?	the Israelites as they camped in
	a. A leader	c. Eyes (31)
	b. A judge	d. Ears
20.	What went before the Israelites as they traveled for	three days looking for a place to rest?
	a. The ark of the covenant (33)	c. The Levites
	b. The trumpet-blowers	d. Moses' family

_	ing of Numbers 11 that made the LORD angry?
lid manna in their tents	c. Complained about their misfortunes (1)
b. Sold manna to foreigners	d. Made a golden calf
2. What consumed some of the outskirts o	of the Israelites camp?
a. A thick dust	c. Clouds from the east
b. Fire of the LORD (1)	d. Rain from the north
3. What food did the Israelites crave in Nu	mbers 11?
a. Meat (4)	c. Coriander seeds
b. Honey for their manna	d. Olive oil
4. What did the Israelites remember eating	ı in Egypt, at no cost?
a. Milk and honey	c. Fish (5)
b. Grapes	d. Lettuce
5. What was the LORD's response to the w	vailing of the Israelites in Numbers 11?
a. He had great pity on them	c. He wept
b. He became exceedingly angry (10)	d. He sent angels to comfort them
6. How did Moses describe the way in which	ch he had to carry the Israelites?
a. Like a cat carries a kitten	c. Like a father with a sleeping child
b. Like a kangaroo baby in a pouch	d. Like a nurse carries an nursing child (12)
7. Moses asked the LORD to go ahead and	d kill him so he would not have to face this.
a. The Israelite leaders	c. His own ruin (15)
b. His father-in-law	d. "Tomorrow"
8. How many of Israel's elders did the LOF	RD tell Moses to assemble at the tent of meeting?
a. Fifty	c. Seventy (16)
b. Sixty	d. Eighty
9. What was Moses to tell the people to do	in preparation for eating meat the next day?
a. Wash their plates	 c. Stoke their campfires
b. Consecrate themselves (18)	d. Go to bed early
10. For how long were the Israelites to eat n	meat?
a. One week	c. One month (20)
b. Ten days	d. One year

b. Sent darkness upon the land

of Moses Study Guide	Section 4: Numbers 10-14, 20-21
11. Why did the LORD want the Israelites to eat	meat until they loathed it?
a. Because they had rejected him (20)	c. So they would not require it again for a long time
b. It would make them stronger	d. So they would become vegetarians
12. How did the LORD come down to speak with	Moses in the presence of the elders he assembled?
a. On angel's wings	c. In a pillar of fire
b. In a dust storm	d. In the cloud (25)
13. What did the elders do when the Spirit rested	d on them?
a. Turned into pillars of salt	c. Fell dead
b. Prophesied (25)	d. Asked, "LORD, have we forsaken you?"
14. What were the names of the two elders who	remained in the camp and who began to prophesy?
a. Eldad and Medad (26)	c. Palti and Gaddiel
b. Joshua and Caleb	d. Sethur and Nohbi
15. Who wanted Moses to stop the prophesying	of the two elders who had not gone to the tent?
a. Shaphat son of Hori	c. Ammiel son of Gemalli
b. Caleb son of Jephunneh	d. Joshua, son of Nun (28)
16. What did the LORD drive in from the sea with deep around the camp, as far as a day's wall	
a. Quail (31)	c. Fish
b. Manna	d. Sand
17. What did the LORD do to the Israelites while anger burned against them?	the meat was still between their teeth because his
a. Made the meat disappear	c. Struck them with a severe plague (33)

d. Sent snakes among them

1. Why did Miriam and Aaron begin to talk against Mos	ses in the beginning of Numbers 12?
a. They wanted more authority	c. Because of his Cushite wife (1)
b. They felt they did more work	d. Because of his disobedient son
2. Who asked, "Has the LORD spoken only through M	oses?"
a. Jethro	c. Moses' Cushite wife
b. Miriam and Aaron (2)	d. Eliezer and Gershom
3. Who was the most meek man on the face of the eart	th?
a. Aaron	c. Joshua
b. Moses (3)	d. Caleb
4. What three people did the LORD assemble at the tel	nt of meeting in Numbers 12?
a. Moses, Aaron, and Miriam (4)	c. Moses, Zipporah, and Gershom
b. Moses, Aaron, and Jethro	d. Eliezer, Gershom, and Moses
5. How did the LORD come down before standing at the	ne entrance of the tent of meeting?
a. Shrouded in darkness	c. In a pillar of fire
b. In a burst of blinding light	d. In a pillar cloud (5)
6. Who did the LORD summon and speak to?	
a. Eliezer and Gershom	c. Moses and Aaron
b. Aaron and Miriam (5)	d. Moses and Miriam
7. To whom did the LORD say that he reveals himself i	in visions?
a. Those whom he has called	c. The poor
b. A prophet (6)	d. The hungry
8. How did the LORD describe Moses in Numbers 12?	
a. Faithful in all his house (7)	c. Above reproach
b. Blameless	d. He is faithful in all my house
9. What does NOT describe the way the LORD spoke t	o Moses?
a. Face to face	c. In riddles (8)
b. Clearly	d. Showing his form
10. Whose skin was leprous when the cloud lifted from	above the tent?
a. Moses's	c. Moses' and Aaron's
b. Aaron's	d. Miriam's (10)
11. To what did Aaron compare his sister's appearance	?
a. A stillborn lamb	c. An open wound
b. A stillborn infant (12)	d. A burnt offering

12. Who was confined outside the camp for seven days?

a. Moses c. Miriam (15)

b. Aaron d. Gershom

13. Where did the Israelites camp after leaving Hazeroth?

a. The Red Sea c. Mount Horeb

b. The Dead Sea d. The wilderness of Paran (16)

1. Where did Moses send men to explore in Numbers	13?
a. Egypt	c. An oasis in the Desert of Paran
b. The banks of the Red Sea	d. Canaan (2)
2. How many leaders was Moses to send from each a	ncestral tribe?
a. One (2)	c. Three
b. Two	d. Four
3. What name did Moses give to Hoshea, son of Nun?	
a. Palti	c. Caleb
b. Joshua (16)	d. Nahbi
4. Which of the following is something the spies were the land they were spying?	supposed to determine about the people in
a. If they were strong or weak (18)	c. If they were generous or selfish
b. If they were kind or unkind	d. If they were young or old
5. Which of the following is something the spies were the land they were spying?	supposed to determine about the towns in
a. If they had good wells	c. Dwelled in camps or strongholds (19)
b. Who their leaders were	d. The size of their populations
6. What did Moses ask the spies to bring back from th	ne land they were spying?
a. Golden idols	c. Water from their wells
b. Fruit (20)	d. A leader
5	
7. How many spies did it take to carry a single cluster	of grapes on a pole?
a. One	c. Three
b. Two (23)	d. Four
8. What did the spies take back to Moses, along with t	the cluster of grapes?
a. Milk and honey	c. Honey and figs
b. Cucumbers and Pomegranates	d. Pomegranates and figs (23)
9. How many days did the spies explore the land?	
a. Ten	c. Thirty
b. Twenty	d. Forty (25)
10. What was the land they explored flowing with?	
a. Pure water	c. Sweet nectar
b. Milk and honey (27)	d. Strong drink
o. min and noney (21)	d. Strong drink

11. How were the people who lived in the land they expa. Tallb. Friendly	lored described? c. Wealthy d. Strong (28)
12. Who silenced the people and said, "We should go u can certainly do it?"	p and take possession of the land, for we
a. Caleb (30)	c. Moses
b. Gershom	d. Aaron
13. What did the others who had gone spying the land	spread?
a. Diseases	c. Strange fire
b. Hatred for Moses	d. A bad report (32)
14. What did the others who had gone spying compare the land they had explored?	their size to, compared to those who lived in
a. Giants	c. Figs
b. Grasshoppers (33)	d. Coriander seeds

What did the Israelites fear would happen to their was. They would starve to death b. They would will become prey (3)	vives and children? c. They would turn against each other d. They would rise up against them	
2. Where did the Israelites want to go?a. Back to Egypt (4)b. Back to Mount Horeb	c. On to Canaan d. To a new, fertile land	
3. How did Joshua and Caleb react when the Israelites a. Anger burned within them b. Sorrow overcame them	c. They complained with them d. They tore their clothes (6)	
 4. What did Joshua and Caleb warn the Israelites NOT a. Worship the idols in Canaan b. Trust the Canaanites 	c. Rebel against the LORD (9) d. Complain in front of Moses	
5. What did the assembly of Israelites talk about doing a. Shackling themb. Shunning them	g to Moses, Aaron, Joshua, and Caleb? c. Stoning them (10) d. Making them their leaders	
6. What did the LORD tell Moses he would do to the Is a. Send them back to Egypt b. Strike them down with a plague (12)	c. Turn them over to their enemies d. Quit sending manna	
7. Under what circumstances did Moses say the nations would say, "The Lord was not able to bring these people into the land he promised them on oath, so he slaughtered them in the wilderness?"		
a. If they were defeated by the Amalekitesb. If they were defeated by the Canaanites	c. If the Israelites starved d. If the LORD put all the Israelites to death (16)	
8. What did Moses ask the LORD to do, in accordance a. Lead the Israelites to Canaan immediately b. Bless them with a feast of quail	e with his great love? c. Forgive the sin of the Israelites (19) d. Bless their children	
 What did the LORD say those who saw his glory and disobeyed him and tested him, would NOT get to see a. The tablets of the Ten Commandments b. The land he promised to their ancestors (23) 		
10. Which Israelite did the LORD say had a 'different sp a. Moses b. Aaron	oirit'? c. Joshua d. Caleb (24)	

11	Which	Israelites	were	counted	in a	census?

a. Those who were twenty years and younger

c. All of the males, both adults and children

b. Those who were twenty years and older (29)

d. Every man, woman, and child

12. What did the LORD say would occur to those who were counted in the census?

a. They would receive land in Canaan

c. They would be sent back to Egypt

b. They would lead their tribes through the wilderness

d. They would not enter the land the LORD swore to make their home (30)

13. Who did the LORD say would be allowed to enter the land he had promised to the Israelites?

a. Joshua

c. All those under the age of twenty

b. Caleb

d. All of the above (30-31)

14. For how many years did the LORD say the Israelites would wander in the wilderness?

a. Twenty

c. Forty (33)

b. Thirty

d. Fifty

15. What did the number of years the Israelites were to wander in the wilderness represent?

a. The days they spied out the land (34)

c. The days Jesus would fast in the desert

b. The days it rained on Noah

d. The days of creation

16. What happened to the men who had come back from exploring the land with a bad report and caused the people to grumble against the LORD?

a. They were forgiven and blessed

c. Their children were struck with a plague

b. They were struck with a plague and died (37)

d. Their children were struck dead

17. Who did Moses say the Israelites would face if they tried to enter the land the LORD had promised?

a. The Amalekites and the Canaanites (43)

c. The army of Egypt

b. The army of Hormah

d. The LORD himself

18. Why was the LORD not with the Israelites when they went against their enemies?

a. They had not offered sacrifices

c. Moses asked him to turn from them

b. They had not asked for his help

d. They had turned away from the him (43)

1. Who died and was buried at Kadesh, which was	in the wilderness of Zin?
a. Miriam (1)	c. Aaron
b. Moses	d. Joshua
2. In Numbers 20, what was there none of in the co	ongregation of the Israelites?
a. Faithful men	c. Food
b. Strange fire	d. Water (2)
3. To whom did the Israelites complain about having	ng been brought out of Egypt?
a. Moses (3-5)	c. Joshua
b. Aaron	d. Caleb
4. Who went to the entrance of the tent of meeting the LORD appeared?	and fell facedown, at which time the glory of
a. Moses	c. Moses and Aaron (6)
b. Aaron	d. Joshua and Caleb
5. What did the LORD command Moses and Aaron	to do before the rock at Kadesh?
a. Fall face down	c. Make a burnt offering
b. Cry out to him (the LORD)	d. Speak to it (8)
6. What did the LORD say the rock at Kadesh wou	ld do once his command had been fulfilled?
a. Pour out wine	c. Crumble
b. Pour out its water (8)	d. Break in two
7. What did Moses call those in the assembly as he Kadesh?	e fulfilled the LORD's command at the rock at
a. Rebels (10)	c. Sons of Abraham
b. Saints	d. Sons and daughters
8. Who struck the rock at Kadesh twice with his st	aff?
a. Aaron	c. Joshua
b. Moses (11)	d. Caleb
9. Why did the LORD tell Moses and Aaron that the Israelites into the land he was giving them?	ey would not be allowed to take the assembly of
a. They were over the age of twenty	c. Their eyesight was poor
 b. They would be too old to battle the enemies in the new land 	d. They did not believe in God or uphold him as holy (12)
10. What were the waters called at the place the Isra	aelites quarreled with the Lord?
a. Massah	c. The River of Life
b. Meribah (13)	d. The River of Death

11. Through what land did the Israelites wish to cros	s when they left Kadesh?
a. Babylon	c. Egypt
b. Assyria	d. Edom (14)
12. What road did the Israelites wish to travel on?	
a. The King's Highway (17)	c. Balaam's path
b. The straight and narrow highway	d. The Sinai road
13. What did Edom say they would do to the Israelite	es if they passed through their land?
a. Grant them safe passage	c. Attack them with swords (18)
b. Provide them with water	d. Cut them off at the border
Did Edom allow Israel to pass through? a. Yes, when Israel agreed to pay for water their livestock drank	c. Yes, when Israel gave them manna to eat
b. Yes, when Israel agreed not to get off the path	d. No (20)
15. Who was 'gathered to his people' at Mount Hor?	
a. Moses	c. Joshua
b. Aaron (23-24)	d. Caleb
16. Upon which of Aaron's sons were his garments p	placed?
a. Eleazar (26)	c. Nadab
b. Ithamar	d. Abihu
17. How many days did Israel mourn for Aaron after	his death?
a. Ten	c. Thirty (29)
b. Twenty	d. Forty

1. Who attacked and captured some of the Israelites	in the beginning of Numbers 21?
a. The Edomites	c. The Canaanite king of Arad (1)
b. The city of Ai	d. No one – it was a time of peace
2. Who vowed to the LORD and said, "if you will indeed give destruction?"	e this people into my hand, then I will devote their cities to
a. Israel (2)	c. The Canaanites
b. Moses	d. Arad
3. What was the place where the LORD gave the Cana	aanite cities over to the Isrealites called?
a. Kadesh	c. Atharim
b. Hebron	d. Hormah (3)
4. What word is used to describe the Israelites as the	y were going around Edom?
a. Joyful	c. Anxious
b. Impatient (4)	d. Fearful
5. What did the LORD send in response to the Isarelit as they went around Edom?	es speaking against him and against Moses
a. A plague of locusts	c. Blinding rain
b. Fiery serpents (6)	d. Enemies with swords
6. Who prayed that the LORD would take away the sn	akes that were among them?
a. The Israelites	c. Moses (7)
b. The Levites	d. Joshua
7. What did the LORD have Moses make and put on a	pole?
a. A golden calf	c. A wooden chariot wheel
b. A carved head of King Arad	d. A bronze serpent (8-9)
8. What happened to those who looked at the thing M serpent?	oses had put on a pole after being bitten by a
a. They lived (9)	c. They were allowed to enter Canaan
b. They died	d. They became blind
9. What was the response of Sihon king of the Amori	tes when Israel asked to pass through his country?
a. He marched against and fought with Israel (23)	c. He asked for the name of their god
b. He granted them safe passage	d. He provided them with food and water
10. Which of the cities of the Amorites did Israel captu	re and occupy?
a. Only Heshbon and Sihon	c. All of them (25)
b. Only Moab and Chemosh	d. None of them
11. What did Moses send to Jazer before capturing its	surrounding settlements?
a. Spies (32)	c. A gift of gold coins
b. A jar of manna	d. A herd of 80 sheep

Section Four Review

Instructions: Identify the chapters in which the following section headings are found.
1. Israel Leaves Sinai (21)
2. The People Rebel (14)
3. The Death of Aaron (20)
4. Arad Destroyed (21)
5. Spies Sent Into Canaan (13)
6. Quail and a Plague (11)
7. The Bronze Serpent (21)
8. The Silver Trumpets (10)
9. Report of the Spies (13)
10. The Waters of Meribah (20)
11. Moses Strikes the Rock (10)
12. Edom Refuses Passage (20)
13. King Og Defeated (11)
14. King Sihon Defeated (21)
15. Miriam and Aaron Oppose Moses (12)

1. Why was Moab terrified and full of dread?			
a. It saw the pillar of cloud	c. There were so many Israelites (3)		
b. It saw the pillar of fire	d. They feared the LORD's wrath		
2. Who was the king of Moab when the Israelites trave the Jordan across from Jericho?	led to the plains of Moab and camped along		
a. Balaam son of Beor	c. Zippor		
b. Balak son of Zippor (4)	d. Moab had no king		
3. What did Balak want Balaam to do to the Israelites?			
a. Trick them into leaving	c. Make a treaty with them		
b. Smite them	d. Put a curse on them (6)		
4. What did the elders of Moab and Midian take with the	nem when they traveled to see Balaam?		
a. The fee for divination (7)	c. Sheep and goats		
b. Ten gold coins	d. A wife for Balaam		
5. Who asked Balaam, "Who are these men with you?	,,		
a. Balaam's wife	c. Balaam's donkey		
b. Balaam's servant	d. God (9)		
6. Why was Balaam told not to put a curse on the people of Israel?			
a. They had already been cursed	c. He did not have the power to curse		
b. They were blessed (12)	d. His curses were too powerful		
7. Who refused to let Balaam go with Balak's officials?			
a. Balaam's donkey	c. Balaam's wife		
b. The ruler of Balaam's city	d. The LORD (13)		
8. How were the second set of people sent from Balak	to Balaam described?		
a. More numerous and more honorable (15)	c. Wealthy and wise		
b. Angry, and on a mission	d. More numerous and more humble		
9. Did the LORD tell Balaam to go with the men from N	/loab?		
a. Yes (20)	c. He allowed Balaam to decide for himself		
b. No	d. The Bible does not say		
10. Whose donkey did Balaam ride as he traveled to Mo	pab?		
a. His own (21)	c. Balak's		
b. His servant's	d. Balak's messenger's		

b. **Balak (38)**

11.	What did the donkey Balaam was riding see standin	g in the road with a sword in hand?	
	a. The ghost of Jacob	c. Balak's wife	
	b. An angel of the LORD (23)	d. Balak himself	
12.	When the donkey turned off the road and into a field it would go back on the road?	, what did Balaam do to the donkey so	
	a. Pulled it's harness to the right	c. Bribed it with grain	
	b. Pulled it's harness to the left	d. Struck the donkey (23)	
13.	Where was the donkey walking when Balaam's foot	was crushed?	
	a. Through a gate going into a city	c. Between two trees	
	b. A narrow vineyard path, with walls on both sides	(24-25) d. Underneath a short archway	
14.	14. When the donkey saw the angel of the LORD in a narrow place with no room to turn, what did it do		
	a. Charged at the angel	c. Turned around	
	b. Rared up on its hind legs	d. Laid down (27)	
15. Who said to Balaam, "What have I done to you to make you beat me these three times?"			
	a. The donkey (28)	c. Balaam's servant	
	b. The angel of the LORD	d. Balak's servant	
16.	What did Balaam do when the LORD opened his eye in the road with his sword drawn?	s and he saw the angel of the Lord standing	
	a. Cried, "Oh, LORD, forgive me!"	c. Bowed down and fell on his face (31)	
	b. Turned and ran	d. Asked the angel, "From whom do you come?"	
17.	What would the angel of the LORD have done if Bala	nam's donkey had not turned away three times?	
	a. Turned Balaam into a pillar of salt	c. Caused it to hail	
	b. Thrown his sword at the donkey	d. Killed Balaam (33)	
18.	What did Balaam tell the angel of the LORD he would	d do if the angel was displeased?	
	a. Offer a sacrifice	c. Go back (34)	
	b. Let the donkey go free	d. Proceed to Moab anyway	
19.	To whom did Balaam say, "I can't say whatever I ple mouth?"	ase. I must speak only what God puts in my	
	a. The donkey	c. Balak's servant	

d. The elders of Moab

1. How many altars were built, and bulls and rams pre	· · · · ·
a. Five	c. Seven (1)
b. Six	d. Eight
2. Who left the alters and went off to a barren height t	o meet the LORD?
a. Balak	c. The elders of Moab
b. Balaam (3)	d. The Levites
3. In whose mouth did the LORD put a word?	
a. Balak	c. The elders of Moab
b. Balaam (5)	d. The Levites
4. When Balaam returned, where did he find Balak sta	nding?
a. Beside his offering (6)	c. In hiding from the Moabite officials
b. Underneath a fig tree	d. In the middle of the path
5. What did Balaam say the Israelites did NOT conside	er themselves to be?
a. A chosen people	c. One of the
	nations (9)
b. Powerful	d. The most humble among nations
6. Though Balak wanted Balaam to curse the Israelite	
a. Blessed them (11)	c. Blessed the Moabites
b. Sang praises to them	d. Refused to discuss them
7. What did Balak do at the field of Zophim on the top	of Pisgah?
a. Released a dove at daybreak	c. Wept
b. Sacrificed seven bulls and rams on seven altars	(14) d. Prayed
8. Who went to obtain a word from the LORD while in	the field of Zophim on the top of Pisgah?
a. Balak	c. Moses
b. Balaam (16)	d. No one
9. With whom was Balak standing when Balaam return	ned after receiving a word from the LORD?
a. Levites	c. The Moabite princes (17)
b. Moses	d. The Israelite army
10. According to the words spoken by Balaam, what is	God NOT?
a. Hidden in a secret place	c. An animal
b. A friend to transgressors	d. A human (19)
11. What command did Balaam receive?	
a. To pray	c. To curse
b. To fast	d. To bless (20)

- 12. Who said, "Neither curse them at all nor bless them at all?"
 - a. Balaam to Balak

c. Balak to the Moabite officials

b. Balak to Balaam (25)

d. Balaam to the Moabite officials

- 13. Why did Balak take Balaam to the top of Peor, overlooking the wasteland?
 - a. He hoped Balaam would bless Moab from there

c. To show him all of his land

b. He hoped Balaam would curse Israel from there (27-28) d. To ask him to make it rain

- 14. What did Balaam ask Balak to do at the top of Peor, overlooking the wasteland?
 - a. Build seven altars and prepare seven bulls

c. Pray for crops to grow

and rams (29)

b. Reveal his true intentions

d. Bless the Moabite people

1. What did Balaam do when he realized that it pleas	sed the LORD to bless Israel?
a. Turned his face towards the wilderness (1)	c. Fell to his knees
b. Looked up at the heavens	d. Began to weep
2. What came upon Balaam when he looked out over	er Israel and spoke his message?
a. A chill	c. The Spirit of God (2)
b. A fever	d. The spirit of divination
3. How does Balaam describe Israel's tents and dwe	elling places?
a. Tattered and crumbling	c. Ugly
b. Filled with snakes	d. Lovely (5)
4. Who does Balaam say Israel's king will be greate	r than?
a. Egypt's king	c. Adam
b. Agag (7)	d. Noah
5. What is Israel's strength compared to?	
a. Samson	c. A team of horses
b. Cain	d. A wild ox (8)
6. What is said should happen to those who curse I	srael?
a. They should be cursed (9)	c. Their firstborn should die
b. They should be blessed	d. They should suffer many plagues
7. What was Balak's response to Balaam's message	9?
a. Fear	c. Sadness
b. Anger (10)	d. Joy
8. Who did Balak believe had kept Balaam from bei	
a. The LORD (11)	c. An evil spirit
b. Moses	d. Balaam himself
9. What did Balaam do before he returned to his ow	
 a. Prayed with Balak b. Warned Balak about what Israel would do to his people (14) 	c. Received payment from Balakd. The Bible does not say
10. What does Numbers 24 say would come out of Ja	acob?
a. A galaxy	c. A moon
b. A sun	d. A star (17)

11. Who was the first among the nations, yet whose end would be 'utter destruction'?

a. Amalek (20)

c. Edom

b. Ken

d. Sheth

12. Who did Numbers 24 say would be destroyed despite having a secure dwelling place?

a. The Perizzites

c. The Hittites

b. The Amalekites

d. The Kenites (21)

Deuteronomy 31

1. How old was Moses when he told the Israelites he o	could no longer lead them?		
a. 100	c. 120 (2)		
b. 110	d. 130		
2. What did the LORD tell Moses that he (Moses) would not cross?			
a. The Jordan (2)	c. The Nile		
b. The Dead Sea	d. The desert		
3. Who were the Israelites told would cross into the pr	omised land before them?		
a. The LORD their God	c. The LORD and Joshua (3)		
b. Joshua	d. Joshua and Caleb		
4. What was Joshua told he should be?			
a. Sly and stealth	c. Joyful and glad		
b. Strong and courageous (7)	d. Obedient		
5. What was Joshua told to divide up between the Isra	elites as their inheritance?		
a. Cattle belonging to Moses	c. Gold taken from the Egyptians		
b. Clothing taken from the Egyptians	d. The land the LORD swore to their ancestors (7)		
6. To whom did Moses give the law he wrote down?			
a. Joshua	c. Levitical priests and the elders (9)		
b. Caleb	d. His sons		
7. What did the LORD say should occur "At the end of every seven years, at the set time in the year of release, at the Feasts of Booths, when all Israel comes to appear before the Lord your God"?			
a. All sins should be forgiven	c. All firstborn cattle should be sacrificed		
b. The law should be read (10-11)	d. All firstborn rams should be sacrificed		
8. Who specifically does Deuteronomy 31 say was to listen to the reading of the law?			
a. The Levitical priests	c. Joshua		
b. The elders of each tribe	d. All men, women, children, and sojourners (12)		
9. What were the children of the Israelites who did not know the law to do?			
a. Call on the name of the LORD	c. Learn to love the LORD		
b. Memorize the commandments	d. Learn to fear the LORD (13)		
10. Whose death did the LORD say was near in Deutero	onomy 31?		
a. Moses' (14)	c. The sons of Moses		
b. Caleb's	d. The sons of Aaron		

a. The Levites

b. **Moses (30)**

11. How did the LORD say he would respond to the Israelites when they entered the land h giving them?	
a. Hide his face from them (18)	c. Bless them with milk and honey
b. Withdraw his support from them	d. Send quail one final time
12. What did the LORD say should be written o	down as a witness for him against the Israelites?
a. A book	c. A poem
b. Commandments	d. A song (19)
13. What did the LORD predict the Israelites w	ould do once they were thriving in the new land?
a. Trust him in all things	c. Reject him and turn to other gods (20)
b. Grumble and complain	d. Share their faith with the Canaanites
14. To whom did Moses give the command, "To of the covenant of the Lord your God?"	ake this Book of the Law and place it beside the ark
a. The Levites (25-26)	c. The tribe of Gad
b. The tribe of Judah	d. The tribe of Dan
15. Who recited a song, from beginning to end	, in the hearing of the whole assembly of Israel?

c. Joshua

d. Caleb

DEUTERONOMY 32

1. What object does Deuteronomy 32 say the LORD	is?	
a. The Rock (4)	c. A staff	
b. The water of Meribah	d. A shield	
O Wiles of All the March I Barb and one for the consents	and the state of the same of t	
2. What did the Most High set up for the people, acc	_	
a. Prisons	c. Alters for sacrifices	
b. Priests	d. Boundaries (8)	
3. With what did the Israelites make the LORD jealor	us?	
a. Improper sacrifices	c. Foreign kings	
b. Foreign gods (16)	d. Foreign wives	
3 3 3 4 4 ()	3	
4. To whom does the Song of Moses say the Israelites sacrificed?		
a. Pharaoh	c. The king of the Amalekites	
b. The king of the Jebusites	d. Strange gods (17)	
5. What did the LORD say he would heap upon the I	sraelites?	
a. Hot coals	c. Blessings	
b. Disasters (23)	d. Enemies	
s. Disastore (20)	a. Enomico	
6. With what does the Song of Moses say the LORD	's arrows will be drunk?	
a. Fine wine	c. Pure water	
b. Blood (42)	d. Bitter water	
7. Who did Moses come with when he spoke the wo	ords of the song to the people?	
a. The Levites	c. Caleb	
b. The chief priest	d. Joshua (44)	
b. The Glief phest	u. 30311ua (11)	
8. What did Moses tell the people the words of the s	ong were to them?	
a. Their life (47)	c. A reminder that they should sacrifice	
b. Poison	d. A symbol of their sins	
9. Where did the LORD say Moses would die?		
a. Mount Ararat	c. Mount Hor	
b. Mount Carmel	d. Mount Nebo (49-50)	
10. Why did Moses and Aaron die before they could o		
a. They were very old	c. They broke faith with the LORD (51)	
b. They grew ill	d. They were captured and killed by enemies	
11. Where did Moses and Aaron break faith with the	LORD?	
a. In Egypt	c. At the waters of the Red Sea	

d. At the altar of the LORD

b. At the waters of Meribah Kadesh (51)

Deuteronomy 33

1. Who is Moses blessing in Deuteronomy 33?	
a. The people of Israel (1)	c. His own sons
b. Aaron's children	d. The women of the tribe of Judah
2. From where did the LORD come, before dawning or	ver the Israelites at Seir?
a. Carmel	c. Hazor
b. Sinai (2)	d. Nebo
3. With whom did the LORD come in Deuteronomy 33	?
a. Adam	c. Saints who had gone before
b. Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob	d. Ten thousands of holy ones (2)
4. Whose blessing was that his tribe would, " live ar	nd not die, nor his people be few?"
a. Reuben (6)	c. Levi
b. Simeon	d. Judah
5. What tribe's blessing included, 'With your hands co	ontend for him, and be a help against
a. Reuben	c. Levi
b. Simeon	d. Judah (7)
6. Of whom was it said, "They shall teach Jacob your	rules and Israel your law?"
a. Reuben	c. Levi (8-10)
b. Simeon	d. Judah
7. About whom was it said he was, "the beloved of t	he Lordand dwells between his shoulders"
a. Joseph	c. Dan
b. Benjamin (12)	d. Gad
8. About whom was it said, " a firstborn bull - he has i	majesty?"
a. Joseph (17)	c. Dan
b. Benjamin	d. Gad
9. Who was told to rejoice " in your going out"?	
a. Joseph	c. Zebulun (18)
b. Benjamin	d. Issachar
10. Who was told to rejoice " in your tents"?	
a. Joseph	c. Zebulun
b. Benjamin	d. Issachar (18)

11. About whom was it said, "He c reserved?"	hose the best land for himself; the commander's portion was
a. Joseph	c. Dan
b. Benjamin	d. Gad (20-21)
12. Who was said to be, "a lion's	cub that leaps from Bashan?"
a. Joseph	c. Dan (22)
b. Benjamin	d. Gad
13. Who was to inherit the land tha	at was southward to the lake?
a. Dan	c. Asher
b. Gad	d. Naphtali (23)
14. About whom was it said, "Your strength be?"	bars shall be iron and bronze, and as your days, so shall your
a. Dan	c. Asher (25)
b. Gad	d. Naphtali

b. Eliezer

Deuteronomy 34

1. What mountain did Moses climb "from the plair Jericho?"	ns of Moab to the top of Pisgah, which is opposite
a. Nebo (1)	c. Sinai
b. Hazor	d. Gilboa
2. What did the LORD show Moses from the top of a	a mountain?
a. All the sands of the seashore	c. The top of the pillar of cloud
b. The top of the pillar of fire	d. All the land (1)
3. Which of the following did the LORD say to Mose	es regarding the land he gave to Israel?
a. I have let you smell it with your nostrils.	c. I have let you hear its sounds with your ears.
b. I have let you see it with your eyes. (4)	d. I have let you encounter its people.
4. What did Moses do on the mountain in Moab?	
a. Sacrificed a young ram	c. Lived for three years
b. Blessed his sons	d. Died (5)
5. Who buried Moses?	
a. Joshua and Caleb	c. The Levites
b. His sons	d. The LORD (6)
6. Who knows the location of Moses' grave?	
a. Only Joshua	c. Both Joshua and Caleb
b. Only Caleb	d. No one (6)
7. How many years old was Moses when he died?	
a. 100	c. 140
b. 120 (7)	d. 160
8. How does Deuteronomy 34 describe Moses' heal	th at the end of his life?
a. Frail, and small in stature(7)	c. His eye was undimmed, and his vigor unabated
b. Strong and tall, as when he was called	d. His hearing was good, and his eyes strong
9. For how many days did the Israelites grieve Mose	es' death?
a. 20	c. 40
b. 30 (8)	d. 50
10. Where did the Israelites grieve Moses' death?	
a. The plains of Moab (8)	c. The top of Mount Sinai
b. Around the base of Mount Nebo	d. Along the shores of the Red Sea
11. Who was filled with the spirit of wisdom because	Moses had laid his hands on him?
a. Gershom	c. Joshua son of Nun (9)

d. Caleb

12. Of whom is it said that the LORD knew him face to face?

a. Joshua c. Aaron

b. Caleb d. Moses (10)

13. Who was the one other person who performed the awesome deeds that Moses did in the sight of Israel?

a. Joshua c. Aaron

b. Caleb d. No one (12)

Section Five Review

Instructions: Identify the chapters in which the following section headings are found. Use the first letter of the book and the chapter number as you write your answer (e.g. N24 for Numbers 24, D31 for Deuteronomy 31, etc.).

1. Joshua to Succeed Moses (D31)
2. Balaam's Second Oracle (N23)
3. Balaam's Final Oracle (N24)
4 The Death of Moses (D34)
5. Balaam's Third Oracle (N24)
6. Joshua Commissioned to Lead Israel (D31)
7. Balaam's Donkey and The Angel (N22)
8. Balaam's First Oracle (N23)
9. Moses' Death Foretold (D32)
10. The Reading of the Law (D31)
11. Moses Blesses the Tribes (D33)
12. Balak Summons Balaam (N22)
13. Balaam's Third Message (N23)